

**SOUTHERN WATER (GREENSANDS) FINANCING PLC**

**ANNUAL REPORT**

**AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED**

**31 MARCH 2019**

**Registered number: 07581353**

**SOUTHERN WATER (GREENSANDS) FINANCING PLC**  
**Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year ended**  
**31 March 2019**

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## SOUTHERN WATER (GREENSANDS) FINANCING PLC

### COMPANY INFORMATION

The company is a public company limited by shares.

#### Directors

A Gilbert  
B Goodwin (Alternate to A Gilbert)  
P Hedley  
S Howard  
B Some  
R Wall

#### Company Secretary

J Statton

#### Registered office

Southern House  
Yeoman Road  
Worthing  
West Sussex  
United Kingdom  
BN13 3NX

#### Bankers

HSBC Bank Plc  
PO Box 125  
2<sup>nd</sup> Floor, 62-76 Park Street  
London  
United Kingdom  
SE1 9DZ

#### Auditor

Deloitte LLP  
Statutory Auditor  
London  
United Kingdom

#### Registered number

07581353

## SOUTHERN WATER (GREENSANDS) FINANCING PLC

### STRATEGIC REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

The strategic report for the year ended 31 March 2019 has been prepared in terms of Section 414C of the Companies Act 2006.

Southern Water (Greensands) Financing Plc (Registered No. 07581353) is incorporated in the United Kingdom and was established to complement the activities of the other companies in the Greensands Holdings group. The company continues to act as a financing company for Greensands Senior Finance Limited.

The company did not trade during the year, and there is no intention for it to trade in the future, however it will continue to act as a financing company for Greensands Senior Finance Limited. The company's activity was in relation to financing the Greensands Holdings group.

### KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

Southern Water (Greensands) Financing Plc acts as a financing company for the overall group and as such does not have any KPIs as an individual company. KPIs are monitored at the group level and are disclosed in the consolidated financial statements of Greensands Holdings Limited which may be obtained from the Company Secretary at Southern House, Yeoman Road, Worthing, West Sussex, BN13 3NX.

Given the limited activity of the company, additional information can be found in the directors' report, which describes the business model and strategy employed by the company. The report also includes a review of the company's performance during the year, insight on future developments and information about the principal risks and uncertainties facing the company. As a result, no further information is included in this strategic report.

Approved by the Board and signed on its behalf by.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be 'B. Somes', written in a cursive style.

B Somes  
**Director**  
23 July 2019

## **SOUTHERN WATER (GREENSANDS) FINANCING PLC**

### **DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019**

The directors of Southern Water (Greensands) Financing Plc (Registered No. 07581353) present their annual report and audited financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2019.

### **PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES**

The company provides financing to Greensands Senior Finance Limited.

### **REVIEW OF THE BUSINESS, RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS**

The company did not trade during the year, and there is no intention for it to trade in the future, however it will continue to act as a financing company for Greensands Senior Finance Limited. The company's only activity was in relation to financing the Greensands Holdings group.

The company paid interest of £36.5m (2018: £30.6m) and received interest of £36.5m (2018: £30.6m).

The company generated neither a profit nor loss before taxation for the year ended 31 March 2019 (2018: £nil).

There were no dividends charged in the financial statements in the year (2018: £nil).

The directors do not propose payment of a final dividend for the year ended 31 March 2019 (2018: £nil per share).

The company has net assets of £0.1m (2018: £0.1m) comprising largely of amounts owed by group undertakings of £706.4m (2018: £457.5m). This includes loans and other borrowings of £689.7m (2018: £444.3m) and £16.7m (2018: £13.2m) of interest payable.

### **PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES**

The principal risk that the company is exposed to is the occurrence of events that would result in the impairment of its loan to Greensands Senior Finance Limited. This risk is mitigated by the continued support received by the company from its ultimate parent undertaking, Greensands Holdings Limited.

### **GOING CONCERN**

The directors have received confirmation that its ultimate parent undertaking, Greensands Holdings Limited, intends to support the company for at least one year after these financial statements are signed and accordingly believe that preparing the financial statements on the going concern basis is appropriate.

### **FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS**

The directors expect the general level of activity to remain consistent with 2019 in the forthcoming year, however there may be wider economic factors, such as the UK's anticipated departure from the European Union, which could affect future company dealings.

### **EVENTS AFTER THE STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION DATE**

On 15 April 2019 the company repaid a bond of £250m (8.5% Guaranteed Secured Fixed Rate Notes). This has been disclosed as borrowings falling due within one year (see note 10).

On 8 April 2019 the company entered into another loan facility agreement for £250m to replace the matured bond mentioned above. This facility matures on 31 October 2025 and interest is paid at a rate of six month Libor plus a margin of 5.25%.

## **SOUTHERN WATER (GREENSANDS) FINANCING PLC**

### **DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019 (continued)**

#### **DIRECTORS**

The directors who held office during the year and up to the date of signing the financial statements, unless otherwise stated, were as follows:

A Gilbert  
B Goodwin (Alternate to A Gilbert)  
P Hedley  
S Howard  
B Somes  
R Wall

#### **DIRECTORS' INDEMNITIES**

The company maintains liability insurance for its directors and officers, which is also maintained for the directors and officers of its holding companies and fellow subsidiaries. Following shareholder approval, the company has also provided an indemnity for its directors and the company secretary, which is a qualifying third party indemnity provision for the purposes of the Companies Act 2006. An indemnity has also been provided for the directors and company secretaries of the company's holding companies and fellow subsidiaries.

#### **DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT**

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law), including FRS 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework". Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

**SOUTHERN WATER (GREENSANDS) FINANCING PLC**

**DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019 (continued)**

**STATEMENT OF PROVISION OF INFORMATION TO AUDITOR**

Each of the persons who is a director at the date of approval of this report confirms that:

- (1) so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware;  
and
- (2) each director has taken all the steps that he/she ought to have taken as a director in order to make him/herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information.

This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of Section 418 of the Companies Act 2006.

**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR**

Deloitte LLP have indicated their willingness to be reappointed for another term and appropriate arrangements have been put in place for them to be deemed reappointed as auditor in the absence of an Annual General Meeting.

Approved by the Board of Directors and signed by order of the Board.



J Statton  
**Company Secretary**  
23 July 2019

**SOUTHERN WATER (GREENSANDS) FINANCING PLC**

**INCOME STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019**

	Notes	2019 £m	2018 £m
<b>Continuing operations</b>			
Finance income	4	36.5	30.6
Finance costs	5	<u>(36.5)</u>	<u>(30.6)</u>
Net finance income		-	-
<b>Result before taxation</b>	6	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Tax on result	7	-	-
<b>Result for the financial year</b>		<u><u>-</u></u>	<u><u>-</u></u>

There were no other comprehensive income or losses for the years ending 31 March 2019 and 31 March 2018, accordingly no separate statement of other comprehensive income is presented.

**SOUTHERN WATER (GREENSANDS) FINANCING PLC**

**STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 MARCH 2019**

	Notes	2019 £m	2018 £m
<b>Non-current assets</b>			
Other non-current assets	8	<u>438.8</u>	<u>444.3</u>
		<b>438.8</b>	<b>444.3</b>
<b>Current assets</b>			
Other receivables	9	273.0	13.2
Cash and cash equivalents		<u>0.6</u>	<u>0.6</u>
		<b>273.6</b>	<b>13.8</b>
<b>Total assets</b>		<u><b>712.4</b></u>	<u><b>458.1</b></u>
<b>Current liabilities</b>			
Borrowings: amounts falling due within one year	10	<u>(266.7)</u>	<u>(13.2)</u>
		<b>(266.7)</b>	<b>(13.2)</b>
<b>Non-current liabilities</b>			
Borrowings: amounts falling due after one year	11	<u>(445.6)</u>	<u>(444.8)</u>
		<b>(445.6)</b>	<b>(444.8)</b>
<b>Total liabilities</b>		<u><b>(712.3)</b></u>	<u><b>(458.0)</b></u>
<b>Net assets</b>		<u><b>0.1</b></u>	<u><b>0.1</b></u>
<b>Equity</b>			
Called up share capital	12	0.1	0.1
<b>Total equity</b>		<u><b>0.1</b></u>	<u><b>0.1</b></u>

The financial statements of Southern Water (Greensands) Financing Plc (Registered No. 07581353) were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 23 July 2019.

Signed on behalf of the Board of Directors:



**B Somes**  
**Director**

**SOUTHERN WATER (GREENSANDS) FINANCING PLC**

**STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019**

	<b>Called up share capital £m</b>	<b>Total  £m</b>
<b>Balance at 1 April 2017</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>0.1</b>
Result for the financial year and total comprehensive result	-	-
<b>Balance at 31 March 2018</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>0.1</b>
Result for the financial year and total comprehensive result	-	-
<b>Balance at 31 March 2019</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>0.1</b>

## SOUTHERN WATER (GREENSANDS) FINANCING PLC

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

#### 1 Accounting policies

##### Basis of preparation

Southern Water (Greensands) Financing plc (the Company) is a public company limited by shares incorporated in the United Kingdom under the Companies Act 2006 and is registered in England and Wales. The address of the Company's registered office is shown on page 1. The nature of the company's operations and its principal activities are set out in the directors' report on page 3.

The company meets the definition of a qualifying entity under Financial Reporting Standard 100 (FRS 100) issued by the Financial Reporting Council (FRC). Accordingly, these financial statements were prepared in accordance with FRS 101 'Reduced Disclosure Framework' incorporating the Amendments to FRS 101 issued by the FRC in July 2015 and the amendments to Company law made by The Companies, Partnerships and Groups (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2015. The principal accounting policies adopted, which have been applied consistently throughout the current and preceding year are set out below.

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis under the historical cost convention and are presented in pounds sterling because that is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the company operates.

Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for the goods and services.

Fair value is the price that would be received from the sale of an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the company takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability as if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. Fair value for measurement purposes in these financial statements is determined on such a basis, except measurements that have some similarities to fair value but are not fair value, such as value in use in IAS 36 'Impairment of Assets'.

In addition, for financial reporting purposes, fair value measurements are categorised into Level 1, 2 or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are described as follows:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date;
- Level 2 inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

The financial statements contain information about Southern Water (Greensands) Financing Plc as an individual company and do not contain consolidated financial information as the parent of subsidiary companies. The company is exempt under Section 400 of the Companies Act 2006 from the requirement to prepare consolidated financial statements as it and its subsidiary undertaking are included by full consolidation in the consolidated financial statements of the ultimate holding company, Greensands Holdings Limited. The group financial statements of Greensands Holdings Limited are available to the public and can be obtained from the Southern Water website.

As permitted by FRS 101, the company has taken advantage of the disclosure exemptions available under that standard in relation to presentation of a statement of cash flows, financial instruments, standards not yet effective and related party transactions. Where required, equivalent disclosures are given in the group financial statements of Greensands Holdings Limited.

##### Adoption of new and revised accounting and financial reporting standards

This is the first set of the company's annual financial statements where IFRS 15 'Revenue from Contracts with Customers' and IFRS 9 'Financial Instruments' have been applied.

There was no material impact resulting from the application of these standards.

## SOUTHERN WATER (GREENSANDS) FINANCING PLC

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019 (continued)

#### 1 Accounting policies (continued)

##### Going concern

The directors believe that preparing the financial statements on the going concern basis is appropriate due to the continued financial support of the ultimate parent company Greensands Holdings Limited. The directors have received confirmation that Greensands Holdings Limited intends to support the company for at least one year after these financial statements are signed.

##### Related party disclosure

The company has taken advantage of the exemption under FRS 101 paragraph 8(j) from the requirements of IAS 24, 'Related Party Disclosures', on the grounds that it is a wholly owned subsidiary of a group headed by Greensands Holdings Limited, whose financial statements are publicly available from the address in note 13.

##### Investments

Investments held as non-current assets are stated at cost, less provision, if appropriate, for any impairment in value other than a temporary impairment in value. The carrying values of non-current asset investments are reviewed for impairment in periods if events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable. Interest income is accrued on a daily basis. Dividends and other investment income is accounted for when it becomes receivable.

##### Taxation

The taxation charge in the income statement represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current taxation is based on the profit for the year as adjusted for disallowable and non-taxable items and items of income or expense which are taxable or deductible in other years. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the statement of financial position date.

Deferred taxation is tax expected to be payable on temporary differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes. Deferred taxation is provided on all temporary differences that have originated but not reversed by the end of the reporting period. It is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised based on tax laws and rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the statement of financial position date.

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is regarded as probable that taxable profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the company intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

##### Interest income, interest payable and similar income and expenses

Interest income, interest payable and similar income and expenses are recognised on an accruals basis.

##### Financial instruments

The company has adopted IFRS 9 'Financial Instruments' from 1 April 2018.

IFRS 9 introduces new requirements for 1) the classification and measurement of financial assets and financial liabilities, 2) impairment for financial assets and 3) general hedge accounting. There was no material impact resulting from the application of this standard.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised in the company's statement of financial position when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable

liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at FVTPL are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019 (continued)

1 Accounting Policies (continued)

Financial assets

(i) Loans receivable

Loans receivable that have fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market are classified as 'held to collect'. Loans receivable are measured at fair value on initial recognition and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment. Interest income is recognised by applying the effective interest rate, except for short-term receivables when the recognition of interest would be immaterial.

(ii) Impairment of financial assets

All debt type financial assets which are not measured at FVTPL are assessed for impairment at each reporting date using a forward looking approach by identifying expected credit losses ('ECL's). ECLs are defined as the difference between the contractual cash flows that are due in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the company expected to receive, discounted at the original effective interest rate.

Based on that analysis at the end of the reporting period, the impairment on the company's assets are considered to be immaterial and no allowance has been recognised in financial statements.

(iii) Derecognition of financial assets

The company derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity. On derecognition of a financial asset the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable and the cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity is recognised in profit or loss.

Financial liabilities

(i) Financial liabilities and equity

Debt and equity instruments are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangement.

(ii) Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities, including borrowings, are initially measured at fair value, net of transaction costs. Other financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, with interest expense recognised on an effective yield basis.

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial liability and of allocating interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments through the expected life of the financial liability, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

(iii) Derecognition of financial liabilities

The company derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the company's obligations are discharged, cancelled or they expire.

Financial liabilities

Fixed and variable rate interest-bearing borrowings are initially measured at fair value, net of transaction costs and are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, with the interest expense recognised on an effective yield basis.

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial liability and of allocating interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments through the expected life of the financial liability, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

The carrying value of index-linked debt instruments is adjusted for the annual movement in the retail price index. The change in value arising from indexation is charged or credited to the income statement in the year in which it arises.

Premiums and proceeds from gilt lock agreements received on issue of debt instruments are credited to the income statement over the term of the debt at a constant rate on the carrying amount.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

The company derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the company's obligations are discharged, cancelled or they expire.

## SOUTHERN WATER (GREENSANDS) FINANCING PLC

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019 (continued)

#### 2 Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the company's accounting policies, which are described in note 1 above, the directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

#### Critical judgements in applying the company's accounting policies

The directors believe that there are currently no critical judgements applied in the preparation of the financial statements that the company is required to disclose apart from those involving estimations, which are dealt with separately below.

#### Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The following are the key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting period end that may have a risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets and liabilities within the next financial year:

- (i) Impairment  
Impairment is recognised in the income statement when there is evidence that the value of an investment is higher than the recoverable amount. Recoverable amount is the lower of, value in use or net realisable value. An impairment review requires management to make subjective judgements regarding the recoverable amount of the investment under review. In determining the investment's recoverable amount, the Directors take into account current and expected regulated returns and these are subject to ongoing review and negotiation. Currently there is no impairment recognised in the financial statements.

#### 3 Employee information

During the year the company had no employees (2018: None).

The services of the directors are deemed to be wholly attributable to their services to Greensands Holdings Limited, with only two directors receiving payment for their services in the year to Greensands Holdings Limited. The total sum has been recorded in the consolidated financial statements of Greensands Holdings Limited, which are available to the public and can be obtained from the Southern Water website ([www.southernwater.co.uk](http://www.southernwater.co.uk)). Therefore, the directors received no emoluments during the year or the prior year in respect of their services to the company.

#### 4 Finance income

	2019 £m	2018 £m
Interest receivable from group companies	<u>36.5</u>	<u>30.6</u>

#### 5 Finance costs

	2019 £m	2018 £m
Interest payable on loans	<u><u>36.5</u></u>	<u><u>30.6</u></u>

For the terms attached to these loans please refer to note 10 and 11.

## SOUTHERN WATER (GREENSANDS) FINANCING PLC

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019 (continued)

#### 6 Result before taxation

In 2019 and 2018 financial statement audit fees of £1,000 were borne by Greensands Holdings Limited and not recharged to the company.

#### 7 Tax on result

No UK tax charge arises in respect of the result for the year (2018: £nil).

No deferred tax arose during the year to 31 March 2019 (2018: £nil).

#### Factors that may affect future tax charges

A reduction in the main rate of corporation tax to 17% from the 1 April 2020 was enacted in the Finance Act 2016.

#### 8 Other non-current assets

	2019 £m	2018 £m
Amounts due from group undertakings (note (i) to (iii) below):		
- £250m 8.5% Guaranteed Secured Fixed Rate Notes 2019	-	249.4
- £125m Facility Agreement 2022 – Libor plus 3.5%	122.6	121.8
- £75m Facility Agreement 2025 – Libor plus 4.0%	73.3	73.1
- £150m Facility Agreement 2025 – Libor plus 5.25%	146.3	-
- £100m Facility Agreement 2026 – Libor plus 5.25%	97.5	-
- Loan issue costs	(0.9)	-
	438.8	444.3

#### Notes

- (i) Of amounts due from group undertakings, the £250m 8.5% Guaranteed Secured Fixed Rate Notes 2019, the £125m Facility Agreement 2022 – Libor plus 3.5%, the £75m Facility Agreement 2025 – Libor plus 4.0%, the £150m Facility Agreement 2025 – Libor plus 5.25% and the £100m Facility Agreement 2026 – Libor plus 5.25% all relate to debt advanced to Greensands Senior Finance Limited (GSSF) at the same interest rates and terms of the external agreements (mirroring any related swap agreements) and are stated at amortised cost.
- (ii) The £250m 8.5% Guaranteed Secured Fixed Rate Notes 2019 balance has been disclosed as a current receivable as this bond has matured and was repaid on 15 April 2019.
- (iii) Loan issue costs relate to consent fees paid to existing lenders upon drawing down additional loan funds within the wider Greensands group of companies.

All entities are wholly owned within the group.

#### 9 Other receivables

	2019 £m	2018 £m
Amounts due from parent company (note (i) below)	-	-
Interest receivable from group undertakings	16.7	13.2
Amounts due from group undertakings (note (ii) below):		
- £250m 8.5% Guaranteed Secured Fixed Rate Notes 2019	250.0	-
Prepayments	6.3	-
	273.0	13.2

#### Notes

- (i) Amounts owed by parent company relate to unpaid share capital.
- (ii) The £250m 8.5% Guaranteed Secured Fixed Rate Notes 2019 relates to debt advanced to Greensands Senior Finance Limited (GSSF) at the same interest rate and terms of the external agreement and is stated at amortised cost. This bond has since matured and was repaid on 15 April 2019.

All entities are wholly owned within the group.

**SOUTHERN WATER (GREENSANDS) FINANCING PLC**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019 (continued)**

**10 Borrowings: amounts falling due within one year**

	2019 £m	2018 £m
<b>Loans and other borrowings</b>		
Interest payable	16.7	13.2
Loans and other borrowings (note (i) below)		
- £250m 8.5% Guaranteed Secured Fixed Rate Notes 2019	250.0	-
	<b>266.7</b>	<b>13.2</b>

Notes

- (i) The £250m 8.5% Guaranteed Secured Fixed Rate Notes 2019 were issued on 21 April 2011 and is stated at amortised cost. This bond has since matured and was repaid on 15 April 2019. For further details see note 11 below.

**11 Borrowings: amounts falling due after one year**

	2019 £m	2018 £m
Amounts owed to group undertakings (note (i))	6.8	0.5
Loans and other borrowings (note (ii) and (iii) below)		
- £250m 8.5% Guaranteed Secured Fixed Rate Notes 2019	-	249.4
- £125m Facility Agreement 2022 – Libor plus 3.5%	122.6	121.8
- £75m Facility Agreement 2025 – Libor plus 4.0%	73.3	73.1
- £150m Facility Agreement 2025 – Libor plus 5.25%	146.3	-
- £100m Facility Agreement 2026 – Libor plus 5.25%	97.5	-
- Loan issue costs	(0.9)	-
	<b>445.6</b>	<b>444.8</b>

Notes

- (i) All entities are wholly owned within the group.
- (ii) The £250m 8.5% Guaranteed Secured Fixed Rate Notes 2019 were issued on 21 April 2011. Both the £125m Facility Agreement 2022 – Libor plus 3.5% and the £75m Facility Agreement 2025 – Libor plus 4.0% were issued on 15 April 2015. The £150m Facility Agreement 2025 – Libor plus 5.25% was issued on 29 November 2018 and the £100m Facility Agreement 2026 – Libor plus 5.25% was drawn on 22 March 2019. All of these facilities are stated at amortised cost. The facilities are guaranteed under a group Security Agreement. The agreement is over the entire property, assets, rights and undertakings of each of Southern Water Services Limited, Southern Water (Finance) Limited, SWS Holdings Limited and SWS Group Holdings Limited. In the case of Southern Water Services Limited, this is to the extent permitted by the Water Industry Act 1991 and License.
- (iii) Loan issue costs relate to consent fees paid to existing lenders upon drawing down additional loan funds within the wider Greensands group of companies.

	2019 £m	2018 £m
<b>Repayments fall due as follows:</b>		
Between two and five years	121.7	249.4
After five years not by instalments	323.9	195.4
	<b>445.6</b>	<b>444.8</b>

## SOUTHERN WATER (GREENSANDS) FINANCING PLC

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019 (continued)

#### 12 Called up share capital

	2019 £m	2018 £m
<b>Authorised:</b> 50,000 ordinary shares of £1 each	0.1	0.1
<b>Allotted and part paid:</b> 49,999 ordinary shares of £1 each paid up as to £0.25p	0.1	0.1
<b>Allotted, called up and fully paid:</b> 1 ordinary share of £1 each	-	-

The shares were issued at par on 28 March 2011.

Each ordinary share carries the right to one vote on a poll. The right to vote is determined by reference to the register of members at a time specified in the notice of meeting, being not more than 48 hours (disregarding non-working days) before the general meeting in question. All dividends shall be declared and paid according to the amounts paid up on the shares. The shares do not carry any rights as respect capital to participate in a distribution (including on a winding up) other than those that exist as a matter of law. The shares are not redeemable.

#### 13 Ultimate parent and controlling party

The immediate parent undertaking is Greensands (UK) Limited. The ultimate parent and controlling company is Greensands Holdings Limited (Registered Number: Jersey 98700), it was incorporated in Jersey and its registered office address is 44 Esplanade, St Helier, Jersey, United Kingdom, JE4 9WG. Greensands Holdings Limited is itself owned and controlled by a consortium of investors. At 31 March 2019, the majority shareholder in Greensands Holdings Limited is an institutional investment company advised by J.P. Morgan Asset Management.

Greensands Holdings Limited is the largest and smallest parent company and only group company that prepares consolidated financial statements, which contain the financial statements of Southern Water (Greensands) Financing Plc. Copies of Greensands Holdings Limited's consolidated financial statements may be obtained from the Company Secretary of Greensands Holdings Limited, at Southern House, Yeoman Road, Worthing, United Kingdom, BN13 3NX.

#### 14 Events after the reporting period

On 15 April 2019 the company repaid a bond of £250m (8.5% Guaranteed Secured Fixed Rate Notes). This has been disclosed as borrowings falling due within one year (see note 10).

On 8 April 2019 the company entered into another loan facility agreement for £250m to replace the matured bond mentioned above. This facility matures on 31 October 2025 and interest is paid at a rate of six month Libor plus a margin of 5.25%.

## SOUTHERN WATER (GREENSANDS) FINANCING PLC

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF SOUTHERN WATER (GREENSANDS) FINANCING PLC

#### Report on the audit of the financial statements

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#### Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements of Southern Water (Greensands) Financing plc (the 'company'):

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2019 and of its results for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, including Financial Reporting Standard 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework"; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

We have audited the financial statements which comprise:

- the income statement;
- the statement of financial position;
- the statement of changes in equity; and
- the related notes 1 to 14.

The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework" (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

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#### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report.

We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the Financial Reporting Council's (the 'FRC's') Ethical Standard as applied to listed entities, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

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#### Summary of our audit approach

<b>Key audit matters</b>	The key audit matter that we identified in the current year was: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <i>Recoverability of receivables due from group undertakings.</i></li></ul>
<b>Materiality</b>	The materiality that we used in the current year was £6,400,000 which was determined on the basis of total assets for the entity.
<b>Scoping</b>	Audit work to respond to the risks of material misstatement was performed directly by the audit engagement team.
<b>Change in audit approach</b>	In addition to the key audit matter mentioned above, we have reported on management override of controls in the previous year which was not considered a key audit matter for this year.

## SOUTHERN WATER (GREENSANDS) FINANCING PLC

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF SOUTHERN WATER (GREENSANDS) FINANCING PLC (continued)

#### Conclusions relating to going concern

We are required by ISAs (UK) to report in respect of the following matters where:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

**We have nothing to report in respect of these matters.**

#### Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period and include the most significant assessed risks of material misstatement (whether or not due to fraud) that we identified. These matters included those which had the greatest effect on: the overall audit strategy, the allocation of resources in the audit; and directing the efforts of the engagement team.

These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

#### Recoverability of receivables due from group undertakings

##### Key audit matter description



Amounts from group undertakings of £250.0m (2018: £0m) and £438.8m (2018: £444.3m) were included in trade and other receivables and other non-current assets, respectively, in the statement of financial position as at 31 March 2019.

There is significant level of judgement involved in determining the recoverability of these receivables from group undertakings based on the financial position and future prospects of the group undertakings. This takes into consideration a range of factors such as the trading performance of the group undertakings and expected revenue growth.

Further details are included within the directors report on pages 3 to 5, note 1, 2, 8 and 9 to the financial statements.

##### How the scope of our audit responded to the key audit matter



We performed an independent assessment of fair value measurement of the loan receivable balances due from group undertakings recognised as at 31 March 2019 with reference to external commercial interest rates.

We obtained counterparty confirmations of year-end loan balances and have assessed the recoverability of these receivable balances by performing detailed procedures in respect of the Southern Water Services Limited's Long Term Viability Statement to gain assurance over the forecast trading performance of the Greensands group.

We verified that the receivables due from group undertakings were accounted in line with the policy of the company and consistent with IFRS 9 requirements.

##### Key observations



Based on the work performed, we are satisfied that receivables due from group undertakings are appropriately stated as at 31 March 2019.

## SOUTHERN WATER (GREENSANDS) FINANCING PLC

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF SOUTHERN WATER (GREENSANDS) FINANCING PLC (continued)

#### Our application of materiality

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We define materiality as the magnitude of misstatement in the financial statements that makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable person would be changed or influenced. We use materiality both in planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work.

Based on our professional judgement, we determined materiality for the financial statements as a whole as follows:

<b>Materiality</b>	£6,400,000 (2018: £5,900,000)
<b>Basis for determining materiality</b>	The basis for determining materiality is total assets, taken into consideration of group materiality, this equates to 0.9% (2018: 1.3%) of the company's total assets.
<b>Rationale for the benchmark applied</b>	The principal activity of the company is to provide finance to Greensands Senior Finance Limited and loan receivables balance accounts for over 96% of the company's total asset balance. On this basis, we consider the company's total asset balance to represent an appropriate benchmark.

We agreed with those charged with governance that we would report to them all audit differences in excess of £320,000 (2018: £295,000), as well as differences below that threshold that, in our view, warranted reporting on qualitative grounds. We also report to those charged with governance on disclosure matters that we identified when assessing the overall presentation of the financial statements.

#### An overview of the scope of our audit

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Our audit was scoped by obtaining an understanding of the company and its environment, including internal control, and assessing the risks of material misstatement. Audit work to respond to the risks of material misstatement was performed directly by the audit engagement team.

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## SOUTHERN WATER (GREENSANDS) FINANCING PLC

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF SOUTHERN WATER (GREENSANDS) FINANCING PLC (continued)

#### Other information

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The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

***We have nothing to report in respect of these matters.***

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

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#### Responsibilities of directors

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As explained more fully in the directors' responsibilities statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the FRC's website at: [www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities](http://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities). This description forms part of our auditor's report.

#### Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

#### Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

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In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the strategic report and the directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the strategic report and the directors' report have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified any material misstatements in the strategic report or the directors' report.

## SOUTHERN WATER (GREENSANDS) FINANCING PLC

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF SOUTHERN WATER (GREENSANDS) FINANCING PLC (continued)

#### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

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##### *Adequacy of explanations received and accounting records*

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion:

- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns.

***We have nothing to report in respect of these matters.***

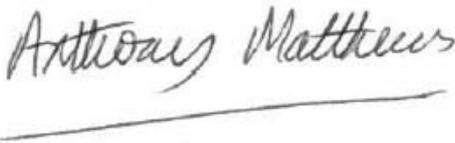
##### *Directors' remuneration*

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are also required to report if in our opinion certain disclosures of directors' remuneration have not been made.

***We have nothing to report in respect of this matter.***

#### Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.



Anthony Matthews

Anthony Matthews FCA (Senior statutory auditor)  
For and on behalf of Deloitte LLP  
Statutory Auditor  
London, United Kingdom  
29 July 2019